STATISTICS APPLIED TO BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION ACADEMIC YEAR 2024-2025 PRACTICAL EXERCISES 4 AND 5 (40 MINUTES)

Date:	
Complete name:	ID number:

EXERCISE 1 (10 POINTS)

Let X be a r.v. with probability density function given by

$$f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} (\theta + 1) \ 2^{\theta + 1} \ x^{\theta} & \text{for } 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

In order to estimate the parameter θ , a random sample of size n, X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n , is taken, and it is known that the mean of the r.v. X is $m = \frac{(\theta + 1)}{2(\theta + 2)}$.

- 1. (5 points) Find, providing all relevant details, the maximum likelihood estimator, $\hat{\theta}_{ML}$, for the parameter θ .
- 2. (5 points) Find, providing all relevant details, the method of moments estimator, $\hat{\theta}_{\text{MM}}$, for the parameter θ .

EXERCISE 2 (10 POINTS)

Let X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n be a r.s. taken from a population that follows a Poisson, $\mathcal{P}(\lambda)$, distribution. Let us consider the following two estimators for the parameter λ :

$$\hat{\lambda}_1 = \frac{X_1 + 3X_2 + \ldots + 3X_{n-1} + 4X_n}{(3n-1)}$$

$$\hat{\lambda}_2 = \frac{2X_1 + X_2 + \ldots + X_{n-1} + 3X_n}{(2n+1)}$$

- 1. (5 points) Find out if either one or both of these estimators is/are unbiased. In addition, you should compute the bias for each of these estimators.
- 2. (5 points) Find out if either one or both of these estimators is/are consistent. In addition, you should compute the variance for each of these estimators, providing all relevant details.