

**STATISTICS APPLIED TO BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**  
**ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021**  
**PRACTICAL EXERCISES 4 AND 5 (30 MINUTES)**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Complete name: \_\_\_\_\_ ID number: \_\_\_\_\_

**EXERCISE 1 (10 POINTS)**

Let  $X$  be a r.v. with probability density function given by

$$f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} (\theta + 1) 2^{\theta+1} x^\theta & \text{for } 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

In order to estimate the parameter  $\theta$ , a random sample of size  $n$ ,  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$ , is taken. It is known that the mean of this r.v. is  $E(X) = \frac{(\theta+1)}{(2\theta+4)}$ .

1. **(4 points)** Find, providing all relevant details, the method of moments estimator,  $\hat{\theta}_{MM}$ , for the parameter  $\theta$ .
2. **(4 points)** Find, providing all relevant details, the maximum likelihood estimator,  $\hat{\theta}_{ML}$ , for the parameter  $\theta$ .
3. **(2 points)** If a r.s. of size  $n = 5$  has been taken, resulting in the sample values 0.10, 0.15, 0.20, 0.32 and 0.28, find, providing all relevant details, a maximum likelihood estimate of  $\theta$ .

## EXERCISE 2 (10 POINTS)

Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a r.s. taken from a population that follows a normal,  $N(\theta, \sigma^2)$ , distribution with  $\sigma^2 > 0$  known. Let us consider the following two estimators for the mean parameter  $\theta$ :

$$\hat{\theta}_1 = \frac{3X_1 + 2X_2 + \dots + 2X_{n-1} + 4X_n}{(2n + 5)}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_2 = \frac{2X_1 + 4X_2 + \dots + 4X_{n-1} + 2X_n}{(4n - 4)}$$

1. **(5 points)** Find out if either one or both of these estimators is/are unbiased. In addition, you should compute the bias for each of these estimators.
2. **(5 points)** Find out if either one or both of these estimators is/are consistent. In addition, you should compute the variance for each of these estimators, providing all relevant details.